

Phạm Hồng Phương
(sưu tầm và biên soạn)

New Flamenco

NHÀ XUẤT BẢN ÂM NHẠC

PHẠM HỒNG PHƯƠNG

SƯU TẦM VÀ BIÊN SOẠN

NEW FLAMENCO

10 BÀI SOLO GHI TA VÀ DÀN NHẠC NHẹ

NHÀ XUẤT BẢN ÂM NHẠC - 2003.

GHI-TA FLAMENCO

(LỊCH SỬ VÀ NGUỒN GỐC)

Như ta đã biết đất nước Tây Ban Nha đã sản sinh ra và cung cấp cho thế giới một cây đàn nổi tiếng, đó là cây đàn *ghi-ta* (Tây Ban cầm). Ghi-ta có thể độc tấu (theo phong cách cổ điển hoặc nhạc nhẹ), có thể hòa tấu, và nhất là có thể đệm cho ca hát (kể cả chuyên nghiệp và nghiệp dư). Tất cả các ban nhạc nhẹ trên thế giới này đều được tổ chức dàn nhạc trên cơ sở chính là bộ ghi ta (*ghi-ta chant* + *ghi-ta bass*) và bộ trống jazz. Cùng với sự phát triển của âm nhạc hiện đại, cây đàn ghi ta cũng được phát triển theo nhiều trào lưu và phong cách khác nhau. *Ghi-ta Flamenco* là một hướng phát triển mới.

Flamenco được bắt nguồn từ những bài ca có sự pha trộn tuyệt vời với những nền âm nhạc dân gian của người nhập cư - người More (từ Ả-Rập tới), người Gypsy (từ Ấn Độ tới) - với người bản xứ (Tây Ban Nha). Các bài ca ấy đều có một bộ cấu trúc âm điệu đặc biệt mà bất cứ một người chơi nhạc **Flamenco** thực thụ nào đều phải biết và tuân thủ, được gọi là “compas” (những quy định nghiêm ngặt về kết cấu, hình thức và hòa âm của giai điệu). Một trong những yếu tố quan trọng nhất của *Flamenco* là đảo phách phức tạp. Đôi khi trong những bài hát theo âm điệu tự do, “compas” ít được tuân thủ nghiêm ngặt, ca sỹ có thể ngẫu hứng, tạo ra một giai điệu tùy hứng, người nghệ sỹ ghi-ta đệm theo cũng có thể ngẫu hứng không cần phải theo “compas”.

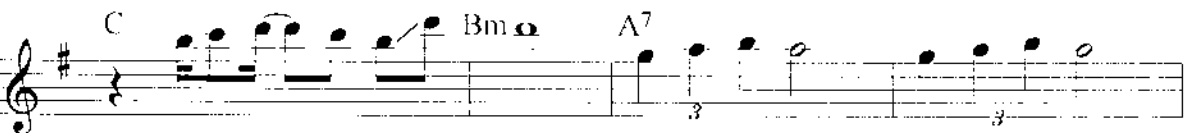
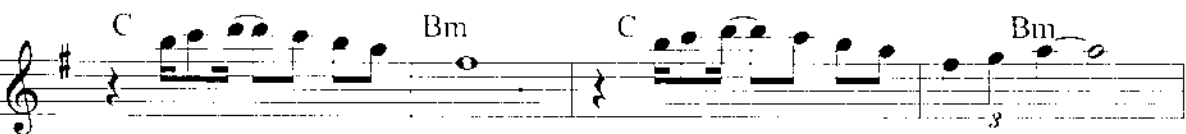
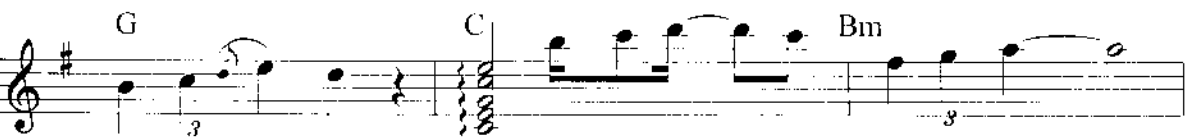
Dần dần những nghệ sỹ ghi-ta ấy tách ra biểu diễn độc lập (không còn phụ thuộc vào việc đệm đàn cho các ca sỹ nữa) Thế là ghi-ta so lo theo phong cách *flamenco* ra đời. Qua sự giao lưu âm nhạc Đông Tây và nhất là tiếp thu những tinh hoa âm nhạc thế giới (tiết tấu âm nhạc da đen + hòa âm châu Âu + phong cách nhạc Jazz châu Mỹ La Tinh) *ghi ta Flamenco* đã tiến lên thành *New Flamenco* (Flamenco hiện đại) như ngày nay.

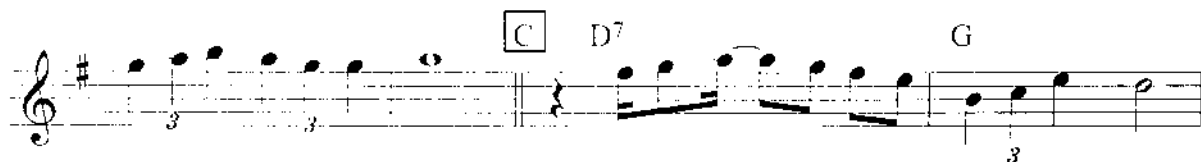
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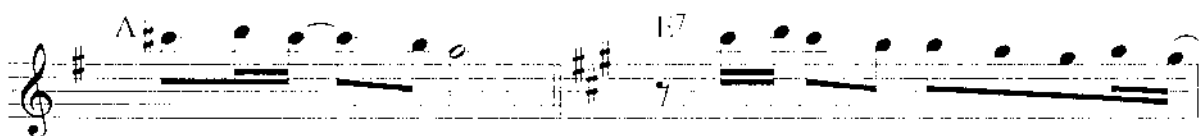
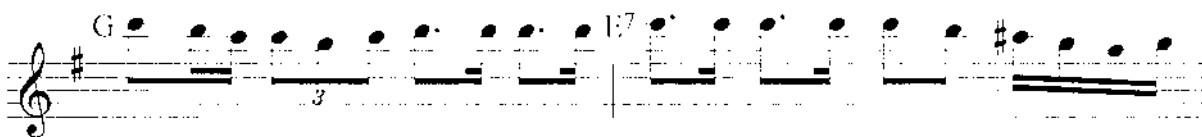
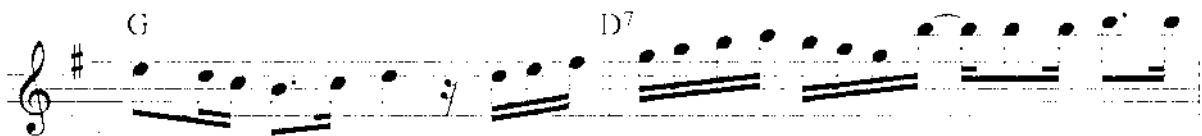
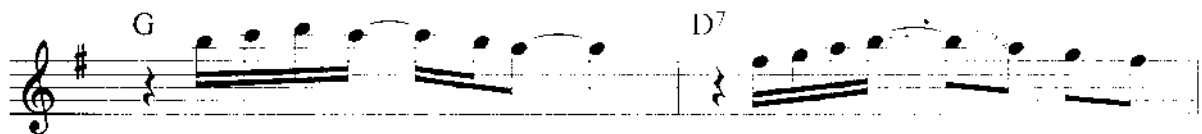
Intro - Tempo 110 - Samba

Ottmar Liebert

The musical score is written for guitar and oboe. The key signature is one sharp (F#) and the time signature is 4/4. The guitar part is marked 'Gui-tar' and the oboe part is marked 'O-boe'. The score includes various musical notations such as treble clefs, time signatures, key signatures, and chord markings (D7, G). The guitar part features several sixteenth-note runs and triplets, while the oboe part has a more melodic line with some rests. The score is divided into measures by vertical bar lines, and some measures contain repeat signs.







E7 A
 E7 A
 E7 A E7
 A E7 A
 E7 A E7
 A E7 A
 Tutti.....

BREEZE FROM SAINTES MARIES

Jesse Cook

Tempo 115

Am

2

Am

F

4 lần

Dm

G7

C

F

Dm

E

Λ

Am 7 F Am F

Am 8 Am

F Dm G

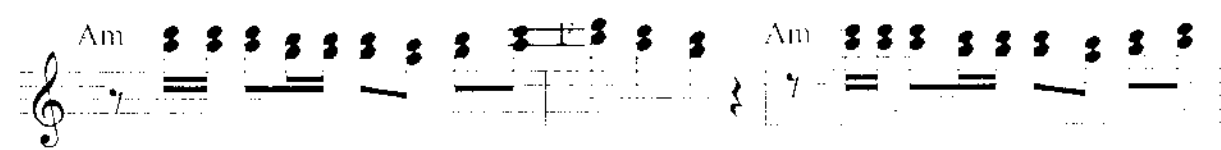
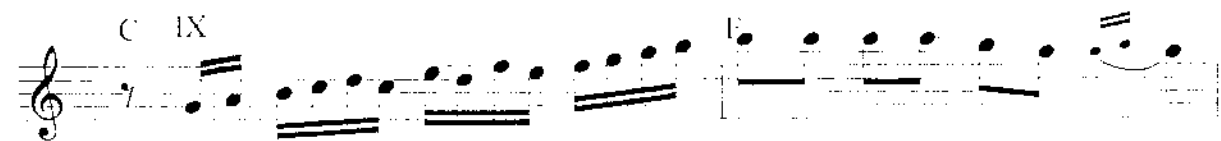
C F Dm

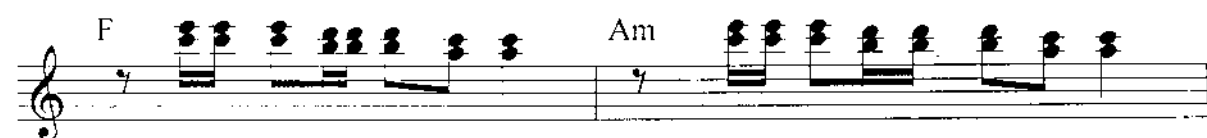
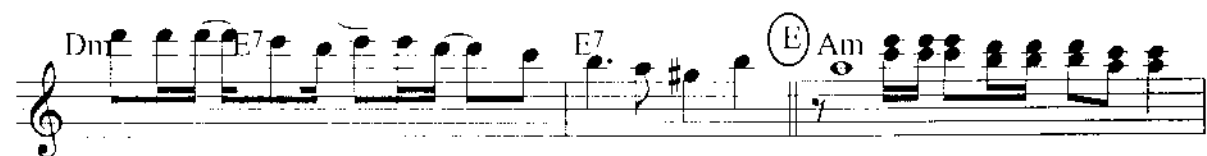
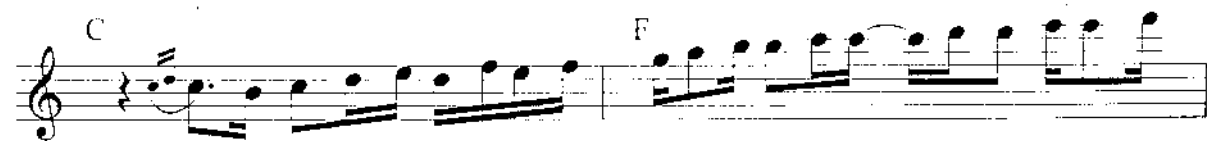
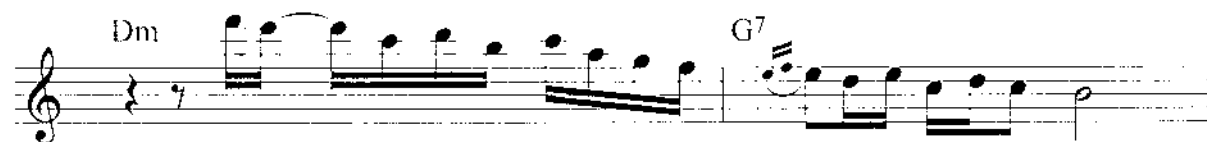
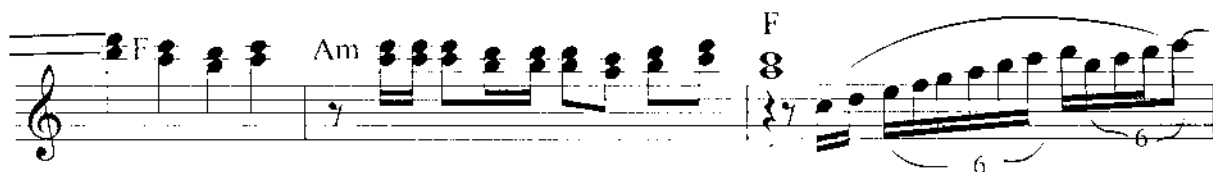
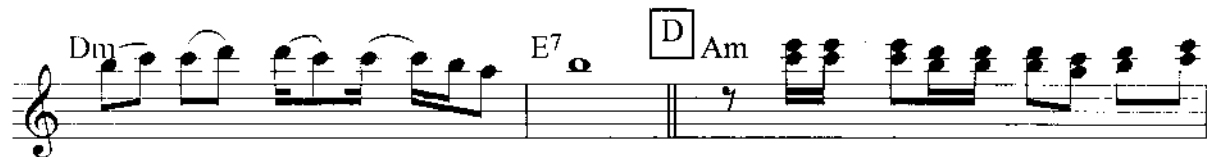
E B Am F

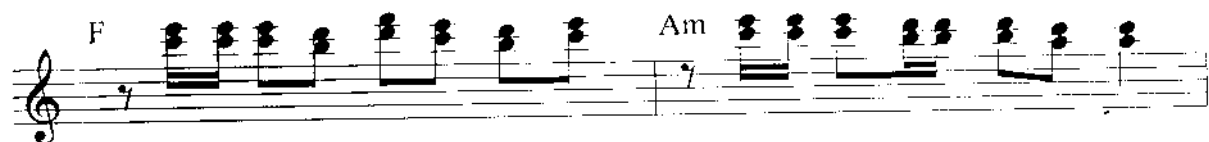
Am

Am F

Am







IX

Dm G7
 C VII F V
 Dm E7 H Am
 F 8 Am
 Am F 8 Am
 F Dm
 G7 C
 F Dm E7

Musical notation details: The score is written in treble clef. It includes various chord symbols (Dm, G7, C, VII, F, V, E7, H, Am) and melodic lines. Some lines feature sixteenth-note runs, eighth-note patterns, and triplets. A measure with a double bar line and repeat dots is present.

The first system of the musical score for 'The Rose Tree' is shown. It begins with a treble clef and a key signature of one flat (B-flat). The first measure contains a whole note chord of A minor (Am) and a whole note chord of F major (F). The second measure contains a whole note chord of A minor (Am) and a whole note chord of F major (F). The third measure contains a whole note chord of A minor (Am) and a whole note chord of F major (F). The fourth measure contains a whole note chord of A minor (Am) and a whole note chord of F major (F). The fifth measure contains a whole note chord of A minor (Am) and a whole note chord of F major (F). The sixth measure contains a whole note chord of A minor (Am) and a whole note chord of F major (F). The seventh measure contains a whole note chord of A minor (Am) and a whole note chord of F major (F). The eighth measure contains a whole note chord of A minor (Am) and a whole note chord of F major (F). The system ends with a double bar line.

The first system of the musical score for 'The Rose Tree' is written on a single staff. It begins with a treble clef and a key signature of one flat (B-flat). The first measure contains a whole note chord of F major (F, A, C) with a 'F' above it. The second measure contains a whole note chord of A minor (A, C, E) with an 'Am' above it. The third measure contains a whole note chord of F major (F, A, C) with an 'F' above it. The fourth measure contains a whole note chord of A minor (A, C, E) with an 'Am' above it. The system ends with a double bar line.

CASCADA

Jesse Cook

Intro :



(A) Em

Cmaj7

1. 2.

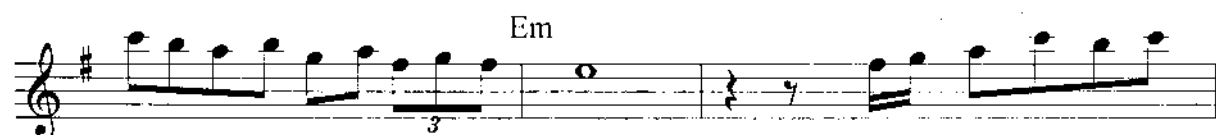
Am Bm

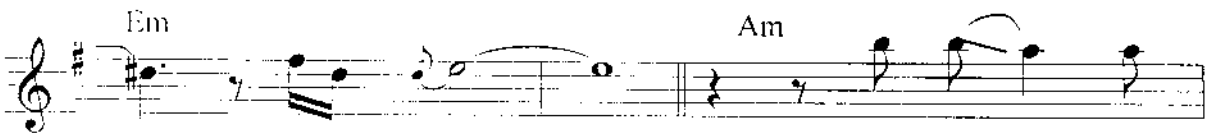
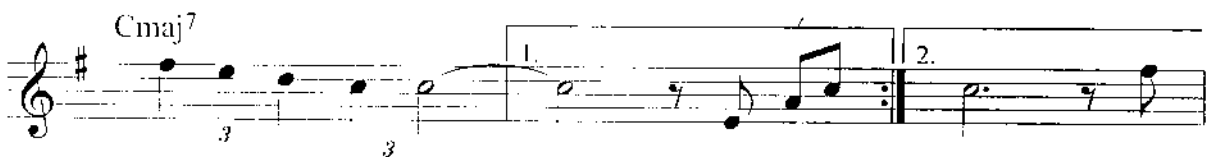
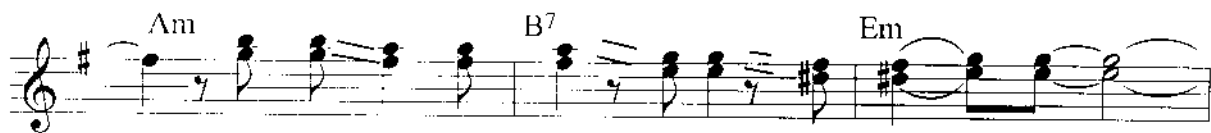
Am B7

(B) Em

Em

(B) Em







PARASOL

Tempo 70

Jesse Cook

The musical score for 'PARASOL' by Jesse Cook is written in G major (one sharp) and 4/4 time. It consists of five staves of music. The first staff begins with a treble clef, a key signature of one sharp (F#), and a 4/4 time signature. The tempo is marked 'Tempo 70'. The score includes various chords: Am, Bm7, B7, Em, D, and C. The notation features a mix of eighth and sixteenth notes, often beamed together in groups. There are several triplet markings (indicated by a '3' over a group of notes) and a final measure with an '8' over a group of notes, likely indicating an eighth-note triplet. The bass line is indicated by a double bass clef and a 'B' (bass) symbol. The overall style is a light, melodic guitar piece.

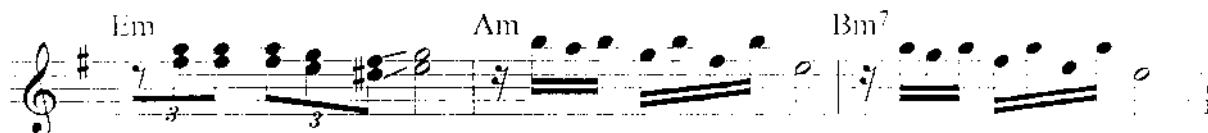
Am Bm7

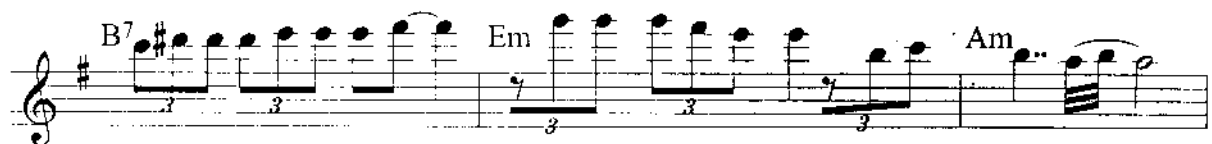
Am B7 Em Em

Am Em D

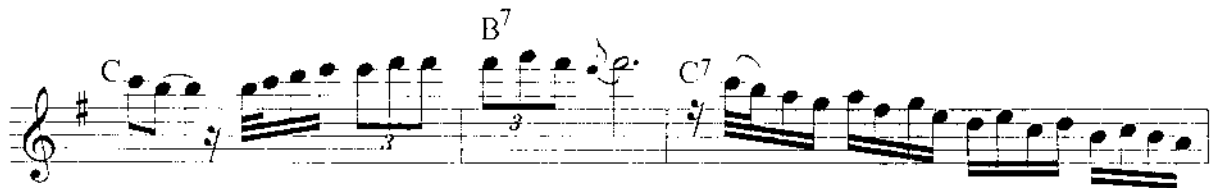
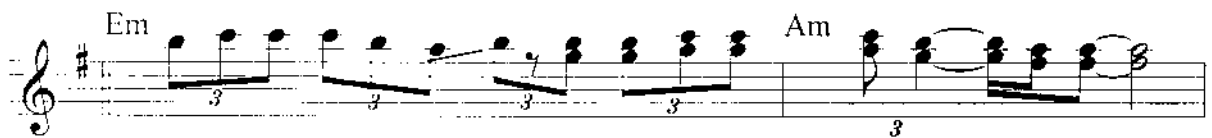
Em Am Em

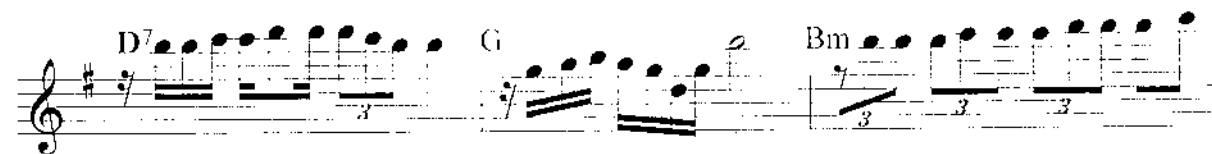
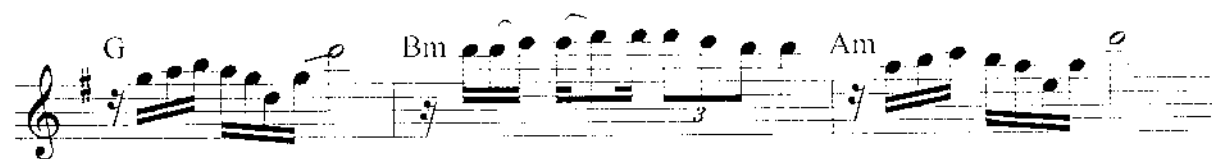
D C Em C





(D)





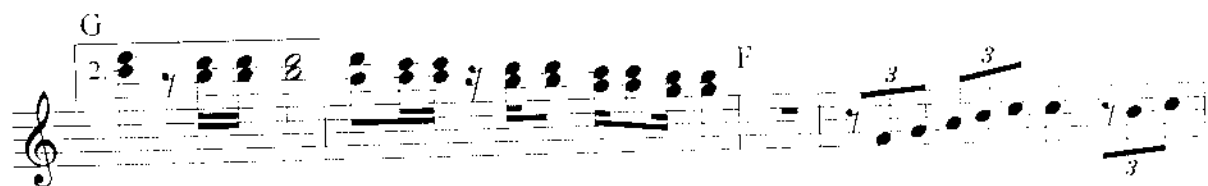
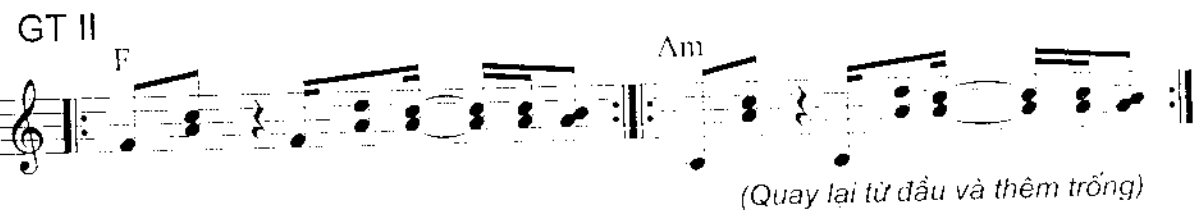
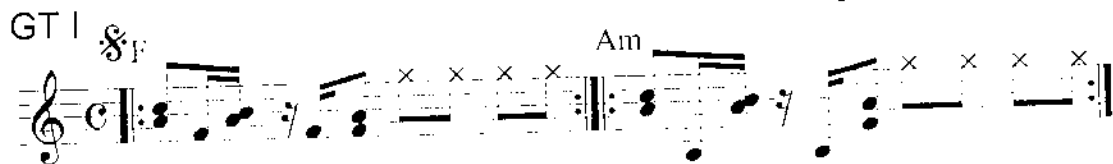


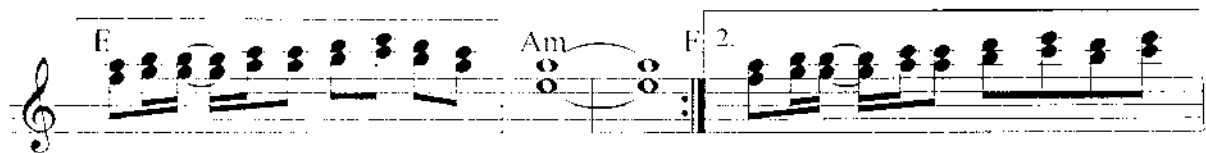
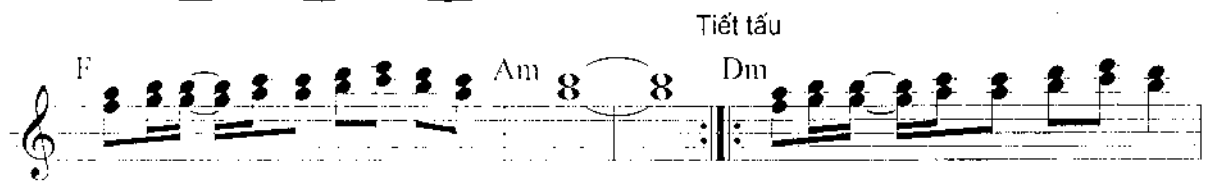
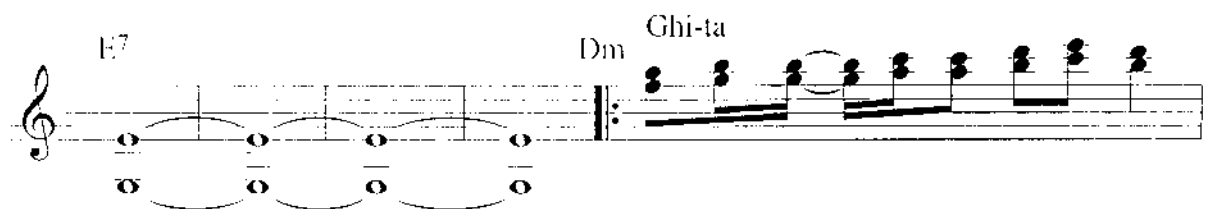
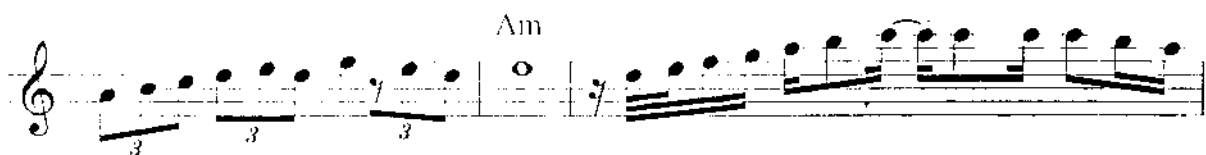
(Quay lại lần 2 không tiết tấu)

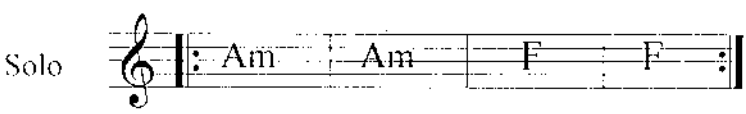
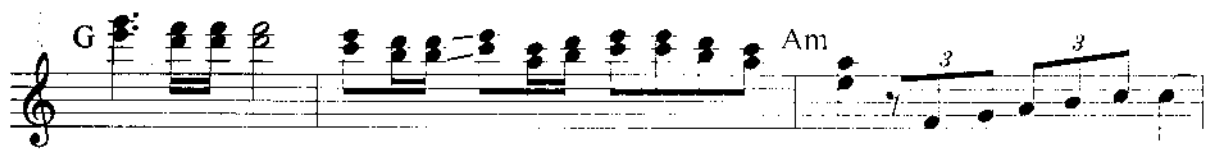
ORBIT

Rap

Jesse Cook







CANCION TRISTE

Jesse Cook

(A)

8_2 Dm Gm 1. Dm

B $\flat$ 2. Am

Dm 8_1 Gm ④ H.7

1. Dm 2. Dm Gm ④ H.7

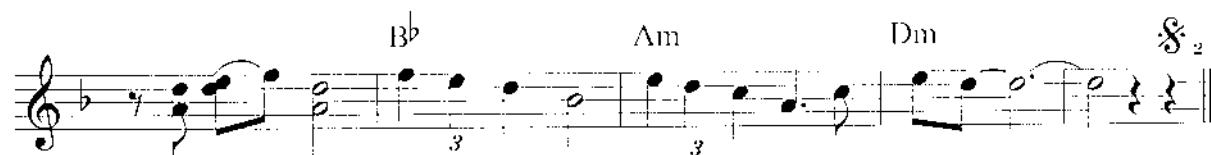
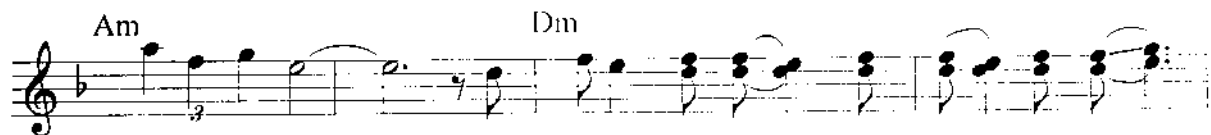
Dm B $\flat$ 3

Am Dm (B) Dm 3

⊕ 1+2

Gm Dm
 3 3 Bb
 Dm Gm
 Am
 Dm Dm 3 Gm Dm
 Bb Am Dm 3 Gm
 Am⁷ Dm Gm
 3

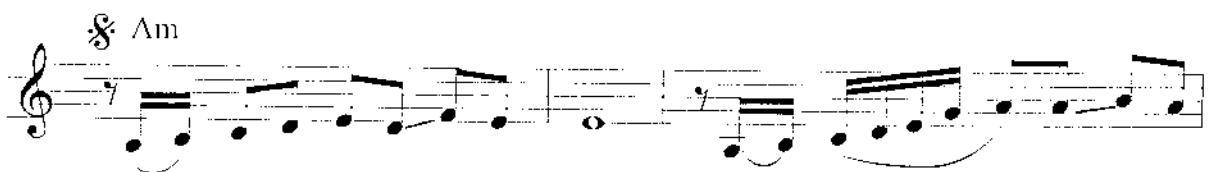
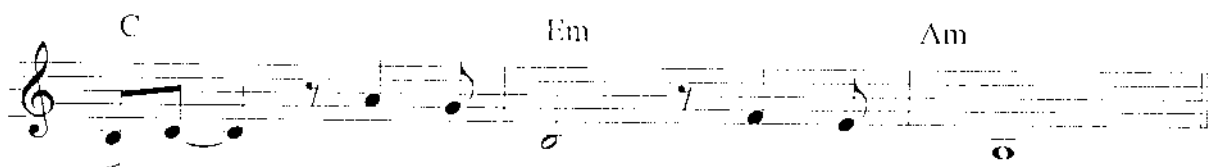
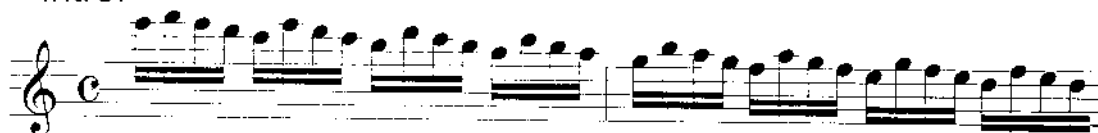


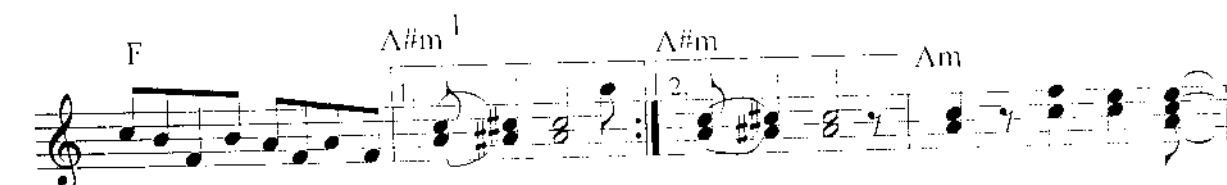
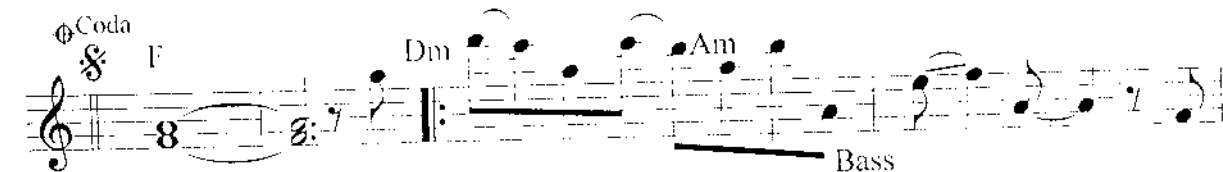
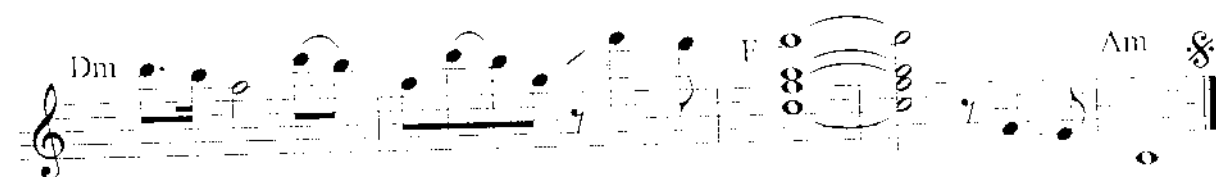
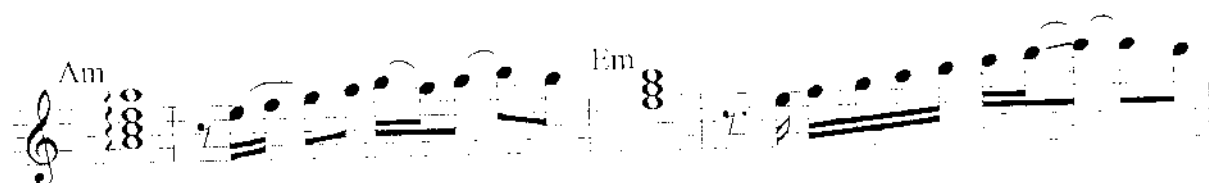
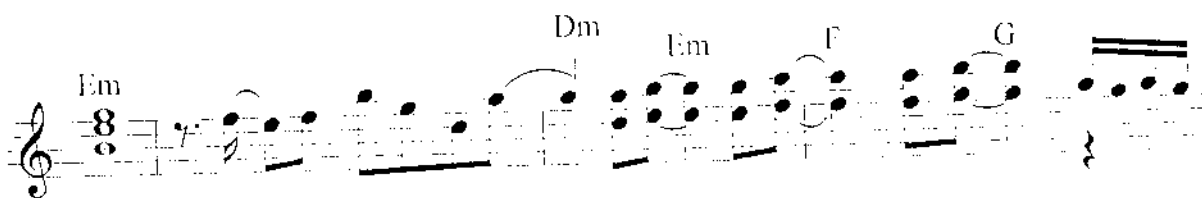
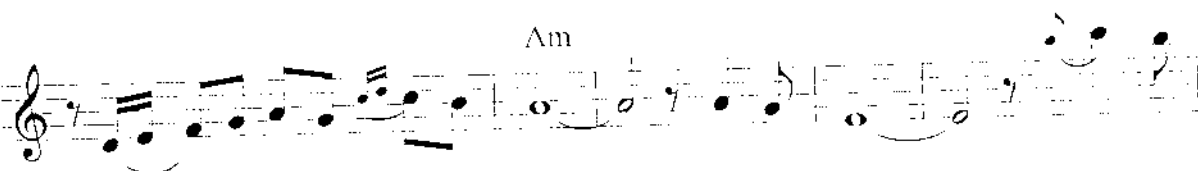
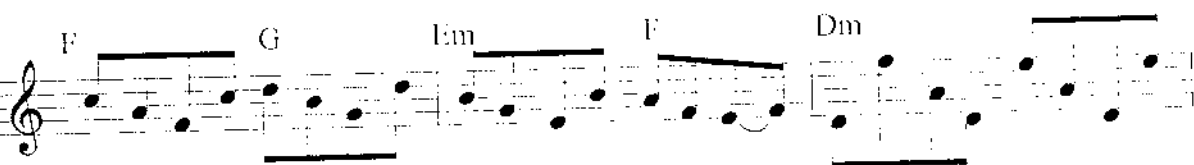
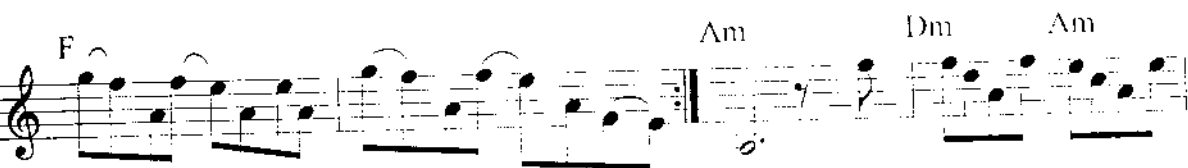


NIGHT IN THE SOUTH

Jose Luis Encinas

Intro:





Em

Em Dm F G Am

Em Dm

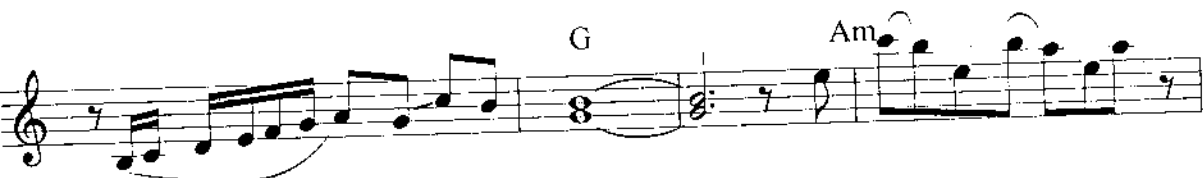
F Em Dm Am F G

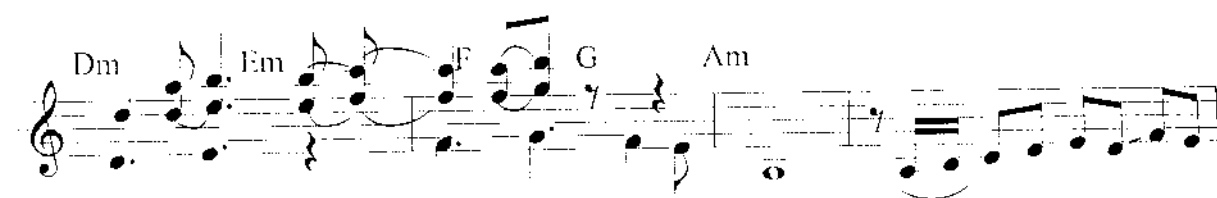
Em F Dm

F Am

Em Am

Em Am





TIGRIS PALACE

Nova Menco

The musical score is written for a single melodic line in B-flat major (one flat) and common time (C). It consists of six staves of music. The first five staves are in 4/4 time, while the sixth staff is in 2/4 time. The notation includes various chords (Dm, Gm, C7), ornaments (accents, mordents, trills), and phrasing slurs. The key signature is B-flat major, indicated by a single flat (Bb) on the first line of each staff.

Staff 1: *Dm* *Dm* *Dm*

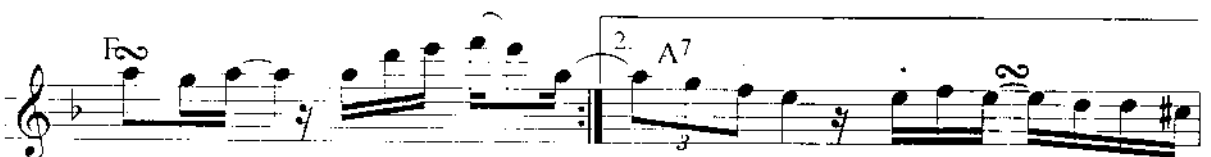
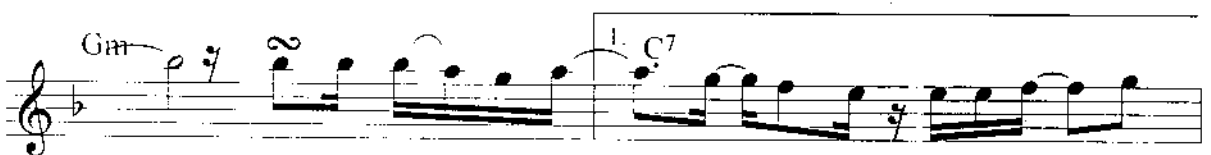
Staff 2: *Dm* *Dm* *Dm*

Staff 3: *Dm* *Gm*

Staff 4: *C7* *Dm*

Staff 5: *Gm*

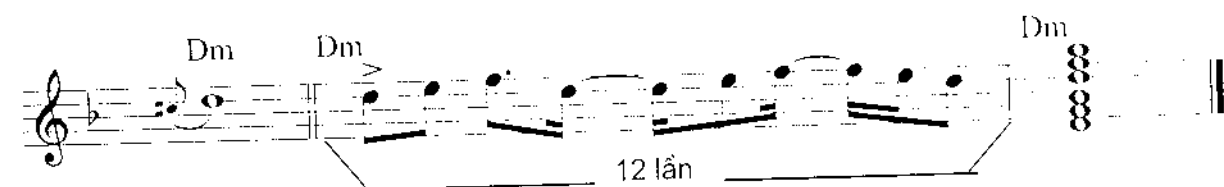
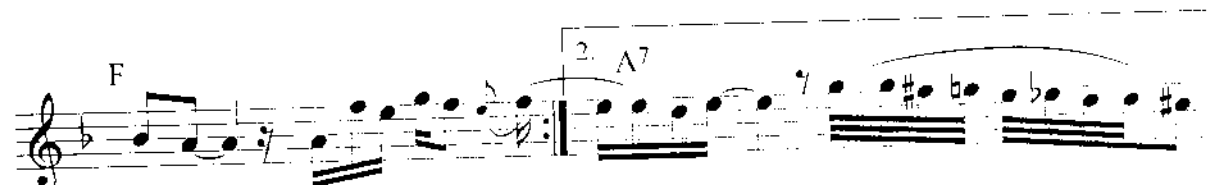
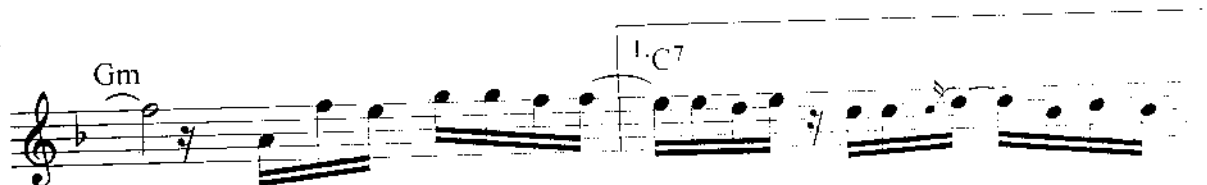
Staff 6: *C7* *Dm*



The musical notation for the Coda section is shown on a single staff. It begins with a treble clef, a key signature of one flat (B-flat), and a common time signature (C). The notation includes a series of notes and rests, with a double bar line indicating the end of the piece. Above the staff, the word "Coda" is written twice, once at the beginning and once in the middle. The chord "Dm" is written above the staff at several points. The notation is in a simple, clear style, suitable for a children's music book.

The first staff of the exercise is in D minor (one flat). It begins with a Dm chord symbol. The melody starts on a half note D4, followed by a quarter note E4, a quarter note F4, a quarter note G4, a quarter note A4, a quarter note Bb4, a quarter note C5, and a quarter note D5. The staff ends with a double bar line.

Gm A7
 Dm Dm Gm
 C F
 Dm Gm
 A7 Dm
 Dm Gm C7
 F A7



BAMBOLEO

Sergi Vicente

Em D C B⁷

Em B⁷

Tutti.....

Em B⁷

Em B⁷

Em B⁷

Am B7 B7 Em

B7 Em B7

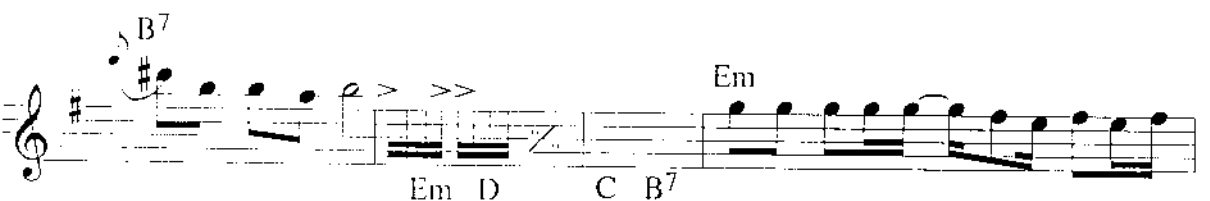
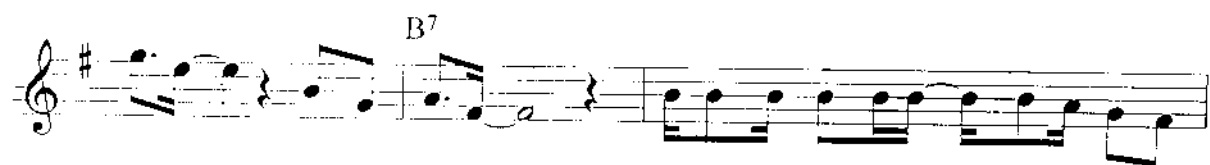
Am B7 Em

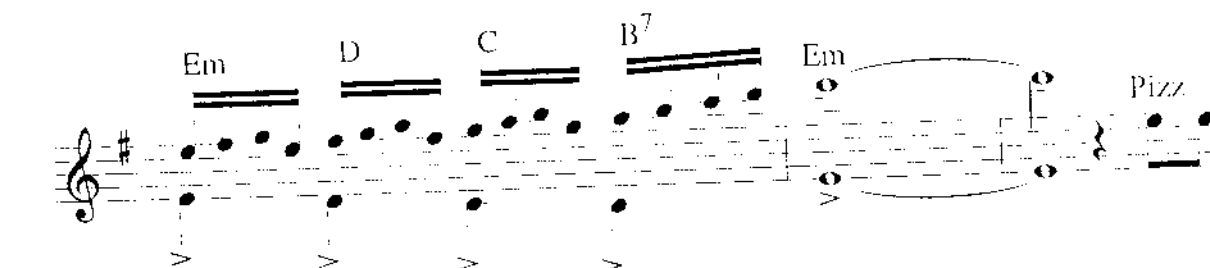
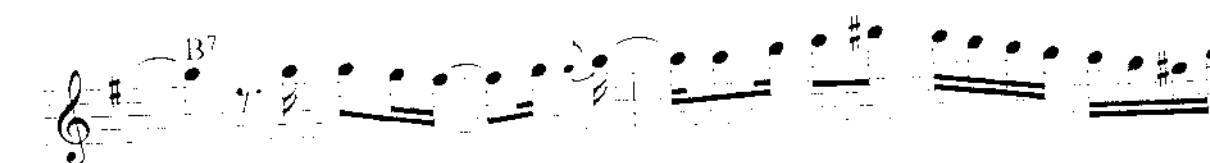
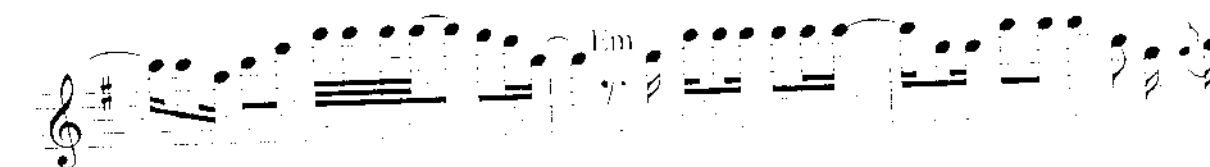
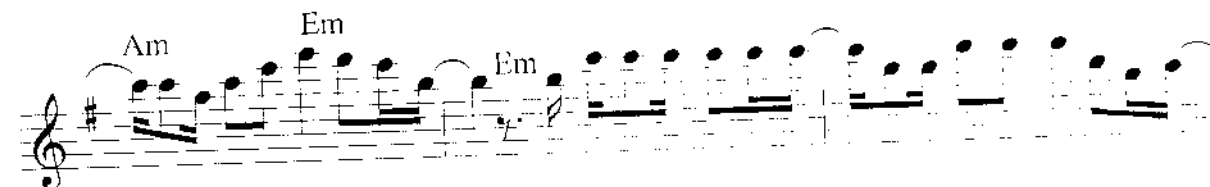
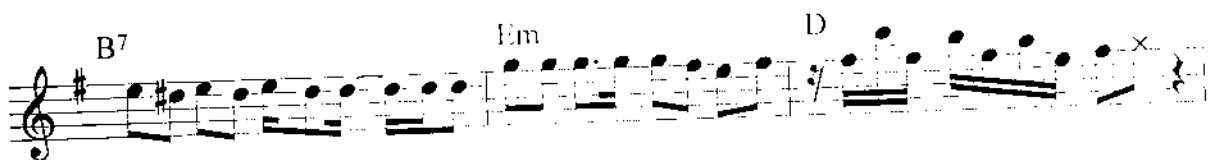
Am Em

B7

1. Em Am Am 2. Em D C B7

Em Em B7





2 THE NIGHT

Ottmar Liebert

1+2

Am

Dm

E7

Am

Am

Dm

1. E7

Am

2. E7

G7

Coda 1+2

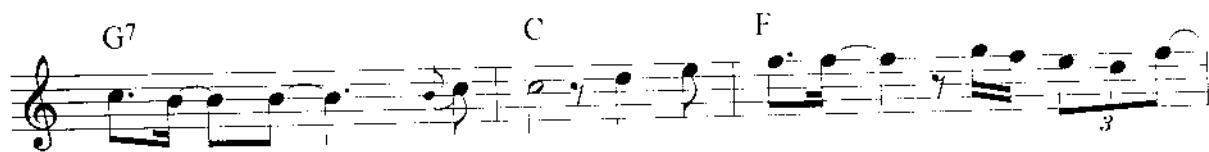
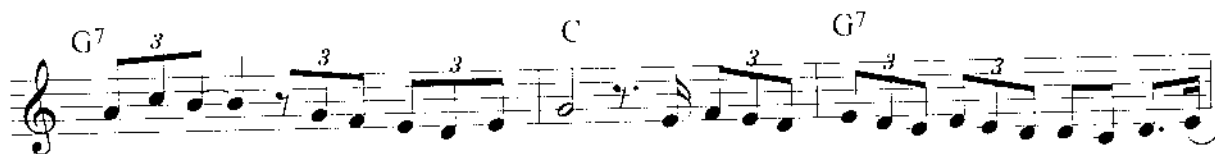
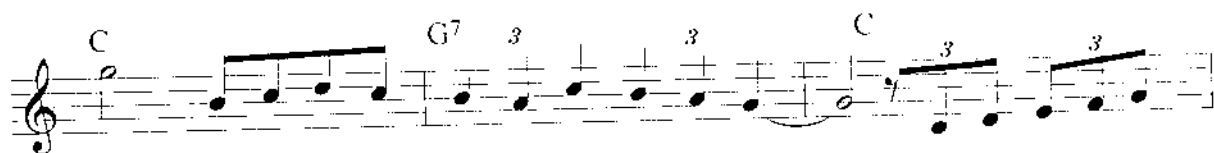
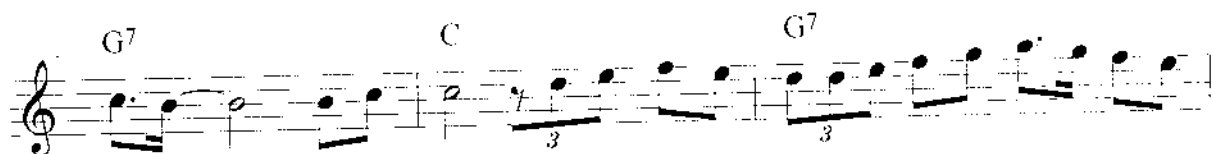
C

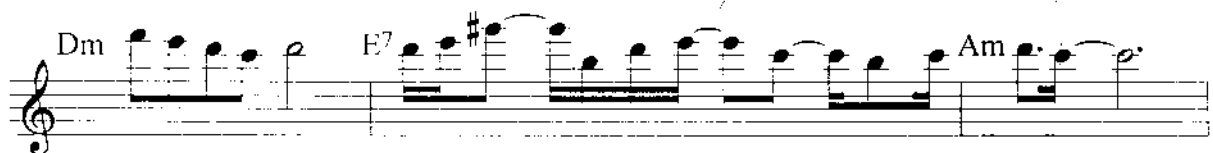
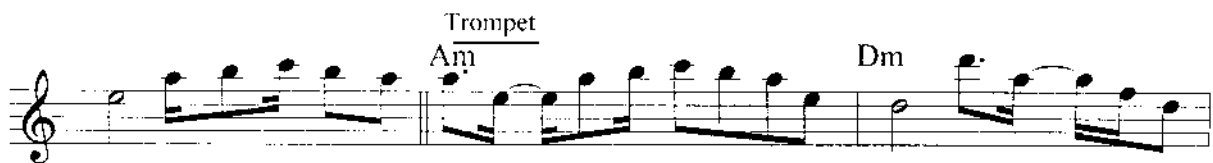
G7

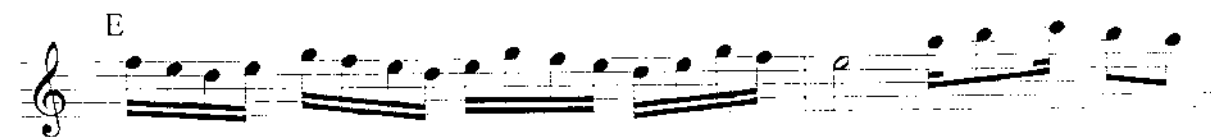
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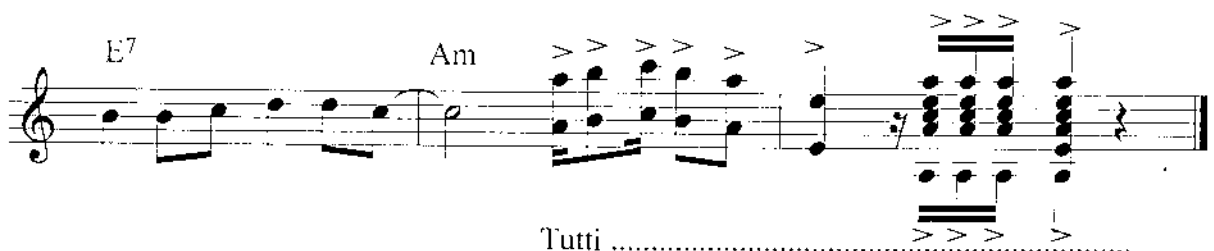
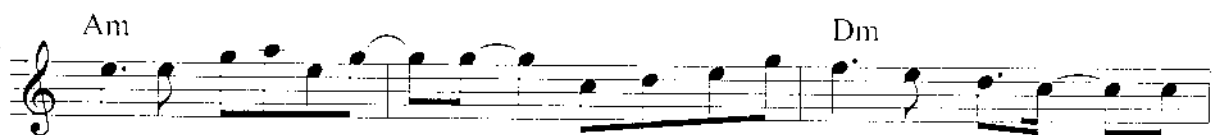
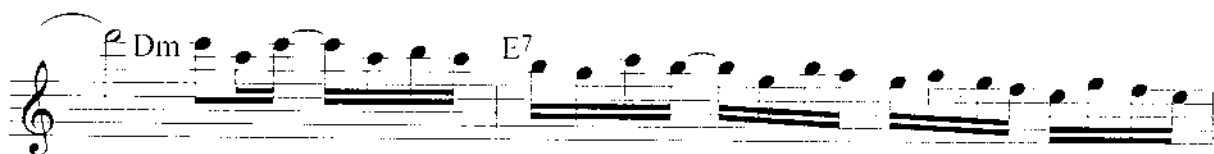
G7

C









MỤC LỤC

1- DRIVING 2 MADRID	OTTMAR LIEBERT	Trang	5
2- BREEZE FROM SAINTES MARIES	JESSE COOK		10
3- CASCADA	JESSE COOK		17
4- PARASOL	JESSE COOK		21
5- ORBIT	JESSE COOK		26
6- CANCION TRISTE	JESSE COOK		29
7- NIGHT IN THE SOUTH	JOSE LUIS ENCINAS		33
8- TIGRIS PALACE	NOVA MERCÓ		38
9- BAMBOLEO	SERGI VICENTE		43
10- 2 THE NIGHT	OTTMAR LIEBERT		47

NEW FLAMENCO

10 bài solo ghi-ta và đàn nhạc nhẹ

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Trình bày bìa : **LÊ MINH THÀNH**

Kẻ nhạc vĩ tính : **NGUYỄN THỊ DUNG**

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Số 1494 / XB - QLXB ngày 17-12-02 của Cục xuất bản.

In xong và nộp lưu chiểu tháng 6-2003

Giá : 18.000đ

Phạm Hồng Phương
(sưu tầm và biên soạn)

Flamenco